

## Chapter 5.9: The Ising model in one dimension with magnetic field

$$H_{\text{Ising}} = -J \sum_j S_j S_{j+1} - B \sum_j S_j$$

Definition of the transfer matrix

$$Z = \sum_{\{S_j\}} e^{-\beta H} = \sum_{\{S_j\}} e^{\beta \sum_j (JS_j S_{j+1} + BS_j)} = \sum_{\{S_j\}} \prod_j e^{\beta JS_j S_{j+1} + \beta \frac{B}{2}(S_j + S_{j+1})}$$

$$Z = \text{tr} T^N \quad \text{where} \quad T = \begin{pmatrix} e^{\beta(J+B)} & e^{-\beta J} \\ e^{-\beta J} & e^{\beta(J-B)} \end{pmatrix}$$

## 5.9-2 The Ising model in one dimension with magnetic field

### Eigenvalues of the Transfer matrix

$$U^T T U = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ where}$$

$$\lambda_{1/2} = e^{\beta J} \cosh \beta B \pm \sqrt{e^{-2\beta J} + e^{2\beta J} \sinh^2 \beta B}$$

### Exact partition function

$$Z = \text{tr} T^N$$

5.9-3 The Ising model in one dimension with magnetic field

Magnetization and susceptibility

$$M = -\frac{\partial F}{\partial B} = N \frac{\sinh \beta B}{\sqrt{\sinh^2 \beta B + e^{-4\beta J}}}$$

