Chapter 4.8: Photons as bosonic particles

$$\varepsilon_{\vec{k},\alpha} = c\hbar |\vec{k}|$$

$$g(\varepsilon) = \sum_{\vec{k},\alpha} \delta(\varepsilon_{\vec{k},\alpha} - \varepsilon) = \frac{V}{\pi^2 c^3 \hbar^3} \varepsilon^2$$

$$\ln \mathbf{Z}_{\mathrm{B}} = -\sum_{r} \ln(1 - ze^{-\beta\varepsilon_{r}}) = -\int_{0}^{\infty} d\varepsilon \ln(1 - e^{-\beta\varepsilon})g(\varepsilon)$$

$$E = -\left(\frac{\partial \ln \mathbf{Z}}{\partial \beta}\right)_{\alpha, V}$$

$$p = -\left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial V}\right)_{\alpha, T}$$

$$N = \sum_{r} \langle n_r \rangle = \int_{0}^{\infty} d\varepsilon \, \frac{g(\varepsilon)}{e^{\beta \varepsilon} - 1}$$