

**Lectures:**

Monday, 17.6.:	Recapitulation, Superfluidity
Thursday, 20.6.:	Superconductivity, London equations

**Exercises:**

All solutions must be handed in by **Tue. 25.6.** noon in box on 5<sup>th</sup> floor of Building 46 or electronically to laschwar@rptu.de

## 16.) Superconducting block

Consider a superconducting block that is bounded by two parallel sides at  $y=\pm d$  where  $d$  is much smaller than the size in the other directions. A field is applied parallel to the sides in  $z$ -direction with strength  $B_0$ . Show that according to the London and Maxwell equations, the field inside the superconductor is given by

$$B(y) = B_0 \frac{\cosh(y/\lambda)}{\cosh(d/\lambda)}$$

where  $\lambda$  is the penetration depth. Further show that the current is given by

$$\vec{j}(y) = \hat{x}B_0 \frac{c}{4\pi\lambda} \frac{\sinh(y/\lambda)}{\cosh(d/\lambda)}$$

Calculate the average magnetization in the entire block  $\bar{M} = (\bar{B} - B_0)/4\pi$ . How can the result be used to determine the penetration depth experimentally?