

Note: Please upload your assignment in the olat course under "Übungsaufgaben". Only the problems marked by a **►** have to be submitted.

► Problem 12. *Scattering from a box potential (10 points)*

Consider a particle with mass m moving along the x-axis in a potential

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } |x| > a \\ V_0 & \text{for } |x| \leq a, \end{cases}$$

where $V_0 > 0$. A particle with energy $E > 0$ moves from $x = -\infty$ until it reaches the barrier. It has the wavefunction

$$\phi(x) = \begin{cases} e^{ikx} + re^{-ikx} & \text{for } x < -a \\ \beta_+ e^{Kx} + \beta_- e^{-Kx} & \text{for } -a \leq x \leq a \\ te^{ikx} & \text{for } x > a. \end{cases}$$

Hint: Depending on the energy, K is real or imaginary with $K = i k'$.

- (a)** Determine the probability current of the incident, the reflected and the transmitted part of the wavefunction.
- (b)** What is the reflection factor and transmission factor for $0 < E < V_0$ and for $E > V_0$

$$R := \left| \frac{j_{\text{refl}}}{j_0} \right|, \quad T := \left| \frac{j_{\text{trans}}}{j_0} \right| ?$$

- (c)** Determine T for $E = V_0$?

► Problem 13. *Baker-Hausdorff-Theorem (8 points)*

- (a)** Show that any arbitrary operators \hat{A} and \hat{B} and for a complex number x hold:

$$e^{x\hat{A}} \hat{B} e^{-x\hat{A}} = \hat{B} + [\hat{A}, \hat{B}] x + \frac{1}{2!} [\hat{A}, [\hat{A}, \hat{B}]] x^2 + \dots \quad (1)$$

Hint: Consider the taylor series of the function $\hat{f}(x) = e^{x\hat{A}} \hat{B} e^{-x\hat{A}}$

- (b)** Use the equation (1) to proof the Baker-Hausdorff-Theorem

$$e^{\hat{A}} e^{\hat{B}} = e^{\hat{A} + \hat{B} + \frac{1}{2} [\hat{A}, \hat{B}]} = e^{\hat{A} + \hat{B}} e^{\frac{1}{2} [\hat{A}, \hat{B}]}, \quad (2)$$

$$\text{if } [\hat{A}, [\hat{A}, \hat{B}]] = [\hat{B}, [\hat{A}, \hat{B}]] = 0.$$

Hint: Consider the function $\hat{f}(x) = e^{x\hat{A}} e^{x\hat{B}}$ and find a differential equation of first order by derivating \hat{f} and the use of $e^{-x\hat{A}} e^{x\hat{A}} = 1$.

Problem 14. Double-Delta-Potential

Consider two identical attractive delta potentials at distance d :

$$V(x) = -F \left(\delta(x - \frac{d}{2}) + \delta(x + \frac{d}{2}) \right),$$

where $F > 0$. Solve the stationary Schrödinger equation in the three subspaces $-\infty < x \leq -d/2$, $-d/2 \leq x \leq d/2$, $d/2 \leq x < \infty$. Find all bound states and the corresponding energies.